Loca	al Unit	of Go	vernment Typ	е			Local Unit Name		County
	Count		□City	□Twp	⊠Village	□Other	Village of La	ırium	Houghton
Fisc	al Yea	r End			Opinion Date			Date Audit Report Submitted to State	
02	/28/2	2007	•		08/03/2007	•		08/17/2007	
We a	affirm	that	:						
We a	are ce	ertifie	ed public a	ccountants	licensed to pra	actice in Mi	ichigan.		
					erial, "no" respo ments and reco			d in the financial statements, includ	ding the notes, or in the
	YES	9	Check ea	ach applic	able box belo	w . (See ins	structions for fu	rther detail.)	
1.	X						of the local uni ents as necessa	are included in the financial state ry.	ments and/or disclosed in the
2.	×							's unreserved fund balances/unre Iget for expenditures.	stricted net assets
3.	×		The local	unit is in o	compliance with	n the Unifor	rm Chart of Acc	ounts issued by the Department o	f Treasury.
4.	X		The local	unit has a	dopted a budg	et for all re	quired funds.		
5.	X		A public I	nearing on	the budget wa	s held in a	ccordance with	State statute.	
6.	×						Finance Act, ar and Finance Di	order issued under the Emergend vision.	y Municipal Loan Act, or
7.	X		The local	unit has r	ot been deling	uent in dist	ributing tax rev	enues that were collected for anoth	ner taxing unit.
8.	X		The local	unit only l	nolds deposits/	investment	s that comply v	rith statutory requirements.	
9.	X							at came to our attention as defined (see Appendix H of Bulletin).	I in the <i>Bulletin for</i>
10.	X		that have	not been	previously com	municated	to the Local A	ent, which came to our attention du dit and Finance Division (LAFD). der separate cover.	uring the course of our audit If there is such activity that has
11.		X	The local	unit is fre	e of repeated c	omments f	rom previous y	ears.	
12.		X	The audit	opinion is	UNQUALIFIE	D.			
13.	×				omplied with G g principles (G		GASB 34 as m	odified by MCGAA Statement #7	and other generally
14.	X		The boar	d or counc	il approves all	invoices pr	ior to payment	as required by charter or statute.	
15.	X		To our kr	owledge,	bank reconcilia	tions that v	were reviewed v	vere performed timely.	
incl des	udeđ cripti	in tlon(s)	his or any of the aut	other aud hority and	dit report, nor of or commission	do they ob ı.	otain a stand-a	erating within the boundaries of the one audit, please enclose the na	ne audited entity and is not ime(s), address(es), and a
						Enclosed	nd accurate in a	enter a brief justification)	
We have enclosed the following: Financial Statements				<u>. </u>	× Eliciosed	Not required	enter a birer jackineation y		
The	e lette	er of	Comments	and Reco	mmendations	X			
0.00									

Other (Describe) Telephone Number Certified Public Accountant (Firm Name) (906) 337-2727 Jackie A. Aalto, CPA Street Address City State Zip 200 Fifth Street, Suite 104 Calumet MI 49913 Authorizing CPA Signature Printed Name License Number fenlin A. Aalto 1101022394 Jackie A. Aalto

VILLAGE OF LAURIUM, MICHIGAN Houghton County

FINANCIAL REPORT

Year Ended February 28, 2007

VILLAGE OF LAURIUM, MICHIGAN FINANCIAL REPORT

Year Ended February 28, 2007

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Jackie A. Aalto

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Village Council Village of Laurium, Michigan

I have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Village of Laurium, Michigan as of and for the year ended February 28, 2007, which collectively comprise the Village's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Village of Laurium, Michigan's management. My responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on my audit.

Except as discussed in the following paragraph, I conducted my audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. I believe that my audit provides a reasonable basis for my opinions.

The procedures used to collect cash receipts from sales and admissions at fund raising events and the lack of evidential matter with respect to those cash receipts, do not permit me to apply auditing procedures to satisfy myself as to the reasonableness of such cash receipts stated in the accompanying financial statements.

In my opinion, except for the effects of such adjustments, if any, as might have been determined to be necessary had I been able to examine sufficient evidence regarding cash receipts described in paragraph three above, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Village of Laurium, Michigan as of February 28, 2007, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, I have also issued my report dated August 3, 2007, on my consideration of the Village of Laurium, Michigan's internal control over financial reporting and on my tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations,

contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of my testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of my audit.

The management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages 5 through 11 and 36 through 40, are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. I have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, I did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

My audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Village of Laurium, Michigan's basic financial statements. The accompanying other supplementary information as identified in the table of contents is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. This other supplementary information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in my opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Jackie A. Aalto, CPA

Jarlin A. Aalto

Calumet, Michigan August 3, 2007

Management's Discussion and Analysis

The management of the Village of Laurium, Michigan ("the Village") offers this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Village for the fiscal year ended February 28, 2007 for the benefit of the readers of these financial statements. This management's discussion and analysis is intended to assist the reader in focusing on significant financial issues and to provide an overview of the Village's financial activity. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that is furnished in the financial statements and notes to the financial statements. Management provides three main topics for discussion and analysis. They are Financial Highlights, Overview of the Financial Statements, and Government-Wide Financial Analysis.

Financial Highlights

- The assets of the Village exceeded its liabilities at the close of this fiscal year by \$2,955,802 (shown as net assets). Governmental Funds represented \$2,206,477 of this total, while business-type activities accounted for \$749,325 of this total.
- The Village purchased a used fire equipment carrier at a cost of \$5,501. The Village also started a \$526,887 road reconstruction project on Isle Royale Street.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the Village's basic financial statements. The Village's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements. The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Village's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *statement of net assets* presents information on all of the Village's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Village is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the government's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the Village that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*) from other functions that are intended to recover all or most of their costs through user fees and charges (*business-type activities*). The governmental activities of the Village include general government, public safety, highways and streets, sanitation, economic development and culture and recreation. The business-type activities of the Village include recreation, sanitation and water operations.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 12 and 13 of this report.

Fund financial statements. A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Village, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. There are three basic types of funds: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The Village maintains ten individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the government fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, Major Street Fund, Local Street Fund, Municipal Street Fund, and the Public Ordinance #114 Fund, all of which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other five governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of *combining statements* elsewhere in this report.

The Village adopts an annual appropriated budget for all of its funds. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the General Fund and each major special revenue fund to demonstrate compliance with the budgets.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 14 - 16 of this report.

Proprietary funds. There are two types of proprietary funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The Village uses enterprise funds to account for its Multi-Recreation, Sanitation and Water Funds operations. Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the Village's various functions. The Village has no internal service funds.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the Multi-Recreation, Sanitation and Water Funds, all of which are considered to be major funds.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 17 - 19 of this report.

Fiduciary funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. The Village has no fiduciary funds.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 20 - 34 of this report.

Other information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain *required supplementary information* that explains and supports the information presented in the financial statements. This information can be found on pages 36 - 40 of this report.

The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with nonmajor governmental funds are presented immediately following the required supplementary information. Combining fund statements can be found on pages 42 and 43 of this report.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the Village, assets exceed liabilities by \$2,955,802 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

A large portion of the Village's net assets (55%) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery, equipment and infrastructure), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The Village uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the Village's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

Village of Laurium, Michigan's Net Assets (in thousands of dollars)

	Governmental activities		Business-t	ype activities	Total	
	2007	2006	2007	2006	2007	2006
Current and other assets Capital assets	\$ 1,319.6 1,334.6	\$ 1,326.0 <u>975.6</u>	\$ 310.6 465.9	\$ 500.7 249.0	\$ 1,630.2 	\$ 1,826.7 1,224.6
Total assets	2,654.2	2,301.6	776.5	749.7	3,430.7	3,051.3
Long-term liabilities outstanding Other liabilities	380.5 67.2	404.3 62.6	<u>27.2</u>	32.1	380.5 94.4	404.3 94.7
Total liabilities	447.7	466.9	27.2	32.1	474.9	499.0
Net assets: Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	1,165.3	791.4	465.9	500.7	1,631.2	1,292.1
Restricted	747.5	745.2			747.5	745.2
Unrestricted	293.7	298.1	283.4	216.9	577.1	515.0
Total net assets	\$ 2,206.5	\$ 1,834.7	<u>\$ 749.3</u>	<u>\$ 717.6</u>	<u>\$ 2,955.8</u>	\$ 2,552.3

An additional portion of the Village's net assets (25%) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of *unrestricted net assets* (\$577,188) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the Village is able to report positive balances in all three categories of net assets, both for the government as a whole, as well as for its separate governmental and business-type activities.

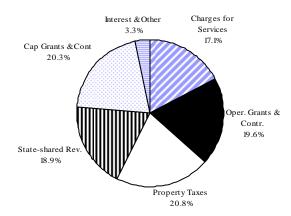
The Village's net assets did increase by \$403,506 during the current fiscal year. Key elements of this increase are as follows:

Village of Laurium, Michigan's Changes in Net Assets (in thousands of dollars)

	Governmental activities		Business-	type activities	Total		
	2007	2006	2007	2006	2007	2006	
D							
Revenues: Program revenues:							
Charges for services	\$ 270.5	\$ 314.8	\$ 185.1	\$ 179.3	\$ 455.6	\$ 494.1	
Operating grants and contributions	310.6	306.4	10.0	2.6	320.6	309.0	
Capital grants and contributions	320.6	65.1	10.0	2.0	320.6	65.1	
General revenues:							
Property taxes	328.9	316.2	49.2	42.3	378.1	358.5	
State-shared revenues	298.7	300.9			298.7	300.9	
Interest	51.4	31.0	11.6	7.3	63.0	38.3	
Other		8.8		8.2		17.0	
Total revenues	1,580.7	1,343.2	255.9	239.7	1,836.6	1,582.9	
Expenses:							
General government	202.6	198.1			202.6	198.1	
Public safety	379.7	380.5			379.7	380.5	
Highways & street	386.8	432.2			386.8	432.2	
Public works	200.3	202.8			200.3	202.8	
Parks & recreation	13.1	8.3			13.1	8.3	
Interest on long-term debt	17.4	19.4			17.4	19.4	
Multi-recreation			57.5	57.9	57.5	57.9	
Sanitation			156.3	155.5	156.3	155.5	
Water			19.4	<u>18.6</u>	<u>19.4</u>	<u> 18.6</u>	
Total expenses	1,199.9	1,241.3	233.2	232.0	1,433.1	1,473.3	
Increase in net assets before transfers	380.8	101.9	22.7	7.7	403.5	109.6	
Transfers	(9.0)	(9.5)	9.0	9.5			
Increase in net assets	371.8	92.4	31.7	17.2	403.5	109.6	
Net assets – Beginning	1,834.7	1,742.3	717.6	700.4	2,552.3	2,442.7	
Net assets – Ending	\$ 2,206.5	<u>\$ 1,834.7</u>	<u>\$ 749.3</u>	<u>\$ 717.6</u>	<u>\$ 2,955.8</u>	<u>\$ 2,552.3</u>	

Governmental Activities. The following two charts highlight the Village's governmental activities by revenue and expenses. The data referenced is found on page 13.

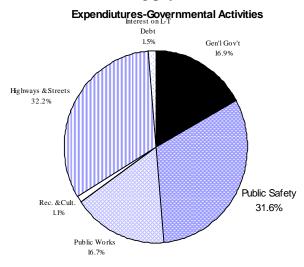
Revenues - Governmental Activities



Property taxes are a major source of revenue. The Village's operating millage in 2007 was 19.0538, which includes .9818 mills for extra snow removal and 1.0000 mills for fire debt. These are extra voted mills. The Village's charter allows the Village to levy up to 12.5 mills for general operations, 5.0 mills for streets, and 3.0 for garbage. Due to State of Michigan statutes, the Village is at its maximum tax levy, and is unable to increase the mills without the approval of the voters.

A significant portion of the revenue for all governmental activities of the Village comes from Operating Grants & Contributions. This figure includes Michigan Transportation Fund (Act 51) money for the Major and Local Street Funds. Components of some Act 51 funding have started to trend downward.

State shared revenue is collected by the State of Michigan and distributed to local governments by formula allocation of portions of the State sales tax. In 2007, the amount of state shared revenue received by the Village once again trended downward, representing declining sales tax collections and discretionary cuts by the State in revenue sharing payments.



The Village's governmental activities are dominated by highways & streets and public safety. This is due to heavy snow removal activities. The Public Works category includes maintenance support activities for snow removal operations. The Public Safety portion includes police and fire departments operations. The general government percentage represents town hall activities.

Business-type activities. Business type-activities increased the Village's net assets by \$31,700. The Multi-Recreation Fund accounts for ice arena, Daniell Park concert series, baseball, and other activities where a fee is charged or could be charged to offset recreation program expenses. The Sanitation Fund accounts for garbage pickup, spring and fall cleanup, brush, furniture, metal and Christmas tree disposal. The Village of Laurium is noted for its high level of garbage services. The Water Fund accounts for water main and fire hydrant operations. To date, the Village has completed three major water projects and is currently planning for the next major upgrade.

Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the Village uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the Village's *governmental funds* is to provide information on nearterm inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Village's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the Village's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$1,245,677. Approximately 38% of this total amount (\$475,250) constitutes unreserved, undesignated fund balance, which is available for spending at the government's discretion. The remainder of fund balance is reserved or designated to indicate that it is not available for new spending because it has already been committed to pay debt service and for a variety of other purposes.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the Village. At the end of the current fiscal year, unreserved, undesignated fund balance of the General Fund was \$282,269, while total fund balance was \$297,365. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unreserved fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unreserved, undesignated fund balance represents 31% of total General Fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 33% of that same amount.

The fund balance of the Village's General Fund did increase by \$7,635 during the current fiscal year.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

During the year there was a \$67,096 increase in appropriations between the original and final amended budget. The increase was mainly due to an increase in public works expenditures.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

The Village of Laurium's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of February 28, 2007 amounts to \$1,334,613 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and system, improvements, machinery and equipment, park facilities and roads.

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the following:

- Purchased a used fire department equipment carrier for \$5,501
- Isle Royale Street reconstruction project for \$422,683
- All major planning is completed for a reconstruction project on Lake Linden Avenue. Work to be completed in 2008. Total project is projected at \$160,729 with \$4,479 being the Village's share.

Long-term debt for the Village includes 2001 MI Transportation Fund bonds and Rural Development loan for the Police Vehicle/Fire Truck purchase, with balances outstanding at February 28, 2007 of \$180,000 and \$169,281, respectively.

Contacting the Village of Laurium Management

This financial report is intended to provide our taxpayers, creditors, and customers with a general overview or the Village's finances and to demonstrate the Village's accountability for the revenues it receives. If you have any questions regarding this report or need additional financial information regarding the money entrusted to the Village, as always, please feel free to contact us at the Village of Laurium, P.O. Box 627, Laurium, MI 49913-0627 or contact, Edward M. Vertin, the Chief Financial Officer at (906) 337-1600.

Statement of Net Assets

February 28, 2007

		Primary Governmen	nt
	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
Assets			
Cash	\$ 1,073,921	\$ 280,672	\$ 1,354,593
Receivables, net	218,095	27,490	245,585
Internal balances	1,062	(1,062)	2 .0,0 00
Inventories	7,924	3,568	11,492
Prepaids	15,096	,	15,096
Deferred charges	3,466		3,466
Capital assets not being depreciated	503,544	5,500	509,044
Capital assets, net of accumulated			
depreciation	831,069	460,375	1,291,444
Total Assets	2,654,177	776,543	3,430,720
Liabilities			
Accounts payable & other current			
liabilities	64,711	14,924	79,635
Accrued interest payable	2,566	3,389	5,955
Unearned revenue		8,905	8,905
Noncurrent liabilities:			
Due within one year	24,500		24,500
Due in more than one year	355,923		355,923
Total Liabilities	447,700	27,218	474,918
Net Assets			
Invested in capital assets,			
net of related debt	1,165,332	465,875	1,631,207
Restricted for:			
Highways & streets	505,815		505,815
Loans & contingencies	240,938		240,938
Debt service	654		654
Unrestricted	293,738	283,450	577,188
Total Net Assets	\$ 2,206,477	<u>\$ 749,325</u>	\$ 2,955,802

Statement of Activities

Year Ended February 28, 2007

		D	D		N. (E.) I	1.01	. NT . A
		Pi	ogram Revenues Operating	Capital		Revenue and Chang rimary Governmen	
		Charges for	Grants and	Grants and	Governmental	Business-type	
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	Activities	Activities	Total
Primary Government							
Governmental Activities							
General government	\$ 202,629	\$ 13,183	\$	\$	\$ (189,446)	\$	\$ (189,446)
Public safety	379,680	3,901	9,063	220 552	(366,716)		(366,716)
Highways & streets	386,784	188,480	301,492	320,552	423,740		423,740
Public works Parks & recreation	200,344	64,891			(135,453)		(135,453)
Interest on long-term debt	13,066 17,434				(13,066) (17,434)		(13,066) (17,434)
interest on long-term debt	17,434	-			(17,434)	· 	(17,434)
Total Governmental Activities	1,199,937	270,455	310,555	320,552	(298,375)		(298,375)
Business-type Activities							
Multi-Recreation	57,487	35,475	9,716			(12,296)	(12,296)
Sanitation	156,257	99,075	300			(56,882)	(56,882)
Water	19,373	50,525				31,152	31,152
Total Business-type Activities	233,117	185,075	10,016			(38,026)	(38,026)
Total Primary Government	<u>\$1,433,054</u>	\$ 455,530	\$ 320,571	<u>\$ 320,552</u>	(298,375)	(38,026)	(336,401)
	General Revo	enues					
	Property 1	taxes			328,946	49,196	378,142
		red revenues			298,743		298,743
		ted investment e	earnings		51,410	11,612	63,022
	Transfers				(8,948)	8,948	
	Total Genera	l Revenues and	Transfers		670,151	69,756	739,907
	Change in No	et Assets			371,776	31,730	403,506
	Net Assets –				1,834,701	717,595	2,552,296
	Net Assets –	Ending			<u>\$ 2,206,477</u>	<u>\$ 749,325</u>	\$ 2,955,802

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds

February 28, 2007

Cash \$ 275,692 \$ 6,234 \$ 15,284 \$ 357,008 \$ 226,092 \$ 193,611 \$ 1,073,92 Receivables, net:		General	Major Street	Local Street	Municipal Street	Public Ordinance #114	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total
Receivables, net:	assets							
Current tax levy 720 357 69 1.14 1.26 34,56 4.56	Cash	\$ 275,692	\$ 6,234	\$ 15,284	\$ 357,008	\$ 226,092	\$ 193,611	\$ 1,073,921
Delinquent taxes								
Accounts 8,409 262 147 10,486 248 18,044								1,146
Due from other funds					1,414		263	4,564
Intergovermmental receivables 56,420 90,881 56,413 7,924 7,9			262					
Inventories					10,486		24	
Prepaids		56,420	90,881	56,413	5 02 4			
Advance to other fund		15.006			7,924			
tabilities and Fund Balances iabilities and Fund Balances iabilities and Fund Balances iabilities Accounts payable \$ 25,422 \$ 144 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	-	15,096				14.046		
Sabilities and Fund Balances Sabilities	Advance to other fund					14,840		14,840
Accounts payable \$ 25,422 \$ 144 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ 3.216 Contracts payable \$ 23,449 \$ 5,754 \$ 6,732 \$ 3.218 Accrued liabilities \$ 23,449 \$ 5,754 \$ 6,732 \$ 3.593 \$ 3.593 \$ 3.593 \$ 3.593 \$ 3.593 \$ 3.210 \$ 3.593 \$ 3.	otal Assets	<u>\$ 366,615</u>	<u>\$ 97,377</u>	<u>\$ 71,844</u>	<u>\$ 377,189</u>	<u>\$ 240,938</u>	<u>\$ 193,967</u>	<u>\$ 1,347,930</u>
Accounts payable \$ 25,422 \$ 1.44 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ 3.210								
Contracts payable		\$ 25,422	\$ 144	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$ 25,566
Due to other funds								3,210
Deferred revenue - taxes			,					35,935
Advance from other fund			10,159	4,901				16,986
thal Liabilities 69,250 19,267 11,633 1,771 332 102,255 and Balances Reserved for: Prepaid expenses 15,096 Highways & streets 78,110 60,211 367,494 505,815 Inventories 74,924 7,924 7,924 Loans & contingencies 654 655 Unreserved, undesignated reported in: General Fund 282,269 Special Revenue Funds 192,981 192,98 and Fund Balances 297,365 78,110 60,211 375,418 240,938 193,635 1,245,677 and Liabilities and Fund Balances 366,615 97,377 71,844 377,189 \$240,938 193,967 amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because: Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds Bonds and loan payable \$ (349,281) Deferred amount on issuance costs 3,466 Accrued interest on bonds (2,566) Compensated absences (31,142) (379,523)					1,771		332	
Reserved for: Prepaid expenses 15,096 Highways & streets 78,110 60,211 367,494 505,811 Inventories 7,924 7,924 Loans & contingencies 240,938 240,938 Debt service 240,938 240,938 Debt service 3654 655 Unreserved, undesignated reported in: General Fund 282,269 Special Revenue Funds 192,981 192,981 Detal Liabilities and Fund Balances 366,615 97,377 1844 377,189 240,938 193,635 Total Liabilities and Fund Balances 197,365 78,110 60,211 375,418 240,938 193,967 The control of governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because: Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds. Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds Bonds and loan payable \$ (349,281) Deferred amount on issuance costs Accrued interest on bonds (2,566) Compensated absences (31,142) (379,523)	Advance from other fund	14,846						14,846
Reserved for: Prepaid expenses 15,096 Highways & streets 78,110 60,211 367,494 5505,81: Inventories 78,110 60,211 367,494 5505,81: Inventories 78,110 60,211 367,494 5505,81: Inventories 78,240,938 240,938 240,938 Debt service 6 654 655 Unreserved, undesignated reported in: General Fund 282,269 Special Revenue Funds 192,981 192,981 Dtal Fund Balances 297,365 78,110 60,211 375,418 240,938 193,635 1,245,677 Dtal Liabilities and Fund Balances 366,615 \$97,377 \$71,844 \$377,189 \$240,938 \$193,967 Inventories 78,110 60,211 375,418 240,938 \$	otal Liabilities	69,250	19,267	11,633	1,771		332	102,253
Inventories 7,924 7,924 Loans & contingencies 240,938 240,938 Debt service 654 655 Unreserved, undesignated reported in: General Fund 282,269 Special Revenue Funds 297,365 78,110 60,211 375,418 240,938 193,635 1,245,677 otal Liabilities and Fund Balances 366,615 97,377 77,1844 377,189 240,938 193,967 mounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because: Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds. Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds Bonds and loan payable \$ (349,281) Deferred amount on issuance costs 3,466 Accrued interest on bonds (2,566) Compensated absences (31,142) (379,523)	Reserved for: Prepaid expenses	15,096	50.110	60.211	267.404			15,096
Loans & contingencies Debt service Unreserved, undesignated reported in: General Fund Special Revenue Funds Debt Service Special Revenue Funds Special Revenue Funds Debt Service Special Revenue Funds Special Revenue Funds Special Revenue Funds Special Revenue Funds Special Fund Balances Special Fund Balan	•		78,110	60,211				
Debt service Unreserved, undesignated reported in: General Fund Special Revenue Funds Detail Fund Balances 282,269 Special Revenue Funds Detail Fund Balances 297,365 Detail Fund Balances 297,365 Detail Fund Balances 297,365 Detail Fund Balances 297,365 Detail Fund Balances 366,615 97,377 71,844 377,189 240,938 193,635 1,245,677 Detail Liabilities and Fund Balances Capital assets used in governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because: Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds. Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds Bonds and loan payable Bonds and loan payable Bonds and loan payable S (349,281) Deferred amount on issuance costs Accrued interest on bonds (2,566) Compensated absences (379,523)					7,924	240.020		
Unreserved, undesignated reported in: General Fund 282,269 Special Revenue Funds 192,981 Detail Fund Balances 297,365 Text I Liabilities and Fund Balances 366,615 Text I Liabilities and Fund Balances 3						240,938	651	
General Fund Special Revenue Funds 282,269 192,981 192,981 282,269 cotal Fund Balances 297,365 78,110 60,211 375,418 240,938 193,635 1,245,677 cotal Liabilities and Fund Balances \$\frac{366,615}{366,615}\$\$\frac{973,77}{571,844}\$\$\frac{571,844}{377,189}\$\$\frac{240,938}{240,938}\$\$\frac{193,967}{240,938}\$\$ mounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because: Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds. Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds Bonds and loan payable \$ (349,281) Deferred amount on issuance costs Accrued interest on bonds \$ (2,566) Compensated absences \$ (31,142) \$ (379,523)		in:					034	034
Special Revenue Funds 192,981 192,981 192,981 192,981 192,981 192,981 192,981 192,981 192,981 193,635 1,245,677 2,240,938 1,245,677 1,245,6								282 269
otal Fund Balances 297,365 78,110 60,211 375,418 240,938 193,635 1,245,677 otal Liabilities and Fund Balances \$\frac{3}{3}66,615 \$\frac{9}{3}7377 \$\frac{7}{1}844 \$\frac{3}{3}77,189 \$\frac{3}{2}40,938 \$\frac{1}{3}93,967} mounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because: Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds. 5,710 Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds Bonds and loan payable Deferred amount on issuance costs Accrued interest on bonds (2,566) Compensated absences (379,523)		202,207					192,981	192,981
mounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because: Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds. 5,710 Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds Bonds and loan payable Bonds and loan payable S (349,281) Deferred amount on issuance costs Accrued interest on bonds Compensated absences (379,523	-	297 365	78 110	60 211	375 418	240 938	193 635	
mounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because: Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds. Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds Bonds and loan payable Bonds and loan payable S (349,281) Deferred amount on issuance costs Accrued interest on bonds Compensated absences (31,142) (379,523)				·			·	1,213,077
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds. Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds Bonds and loan payable Bonds and loan payable Solve (349,281) Deferred amount on issuance costs Accrued interest on bonds Compensated absences (379,523)	otal Liabilities and Fund Balances	<u>\$ 366,615</u>	<u>\$ 97,377</u>	<u>\$ 71,844</u>	<u>\$ 377,189</u>	<u>\$ 240,938</u>	<u>\$ 193,967</u>	
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds. Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds Bonds and loan payable Bonds and loan payable S (349,281) Deferred amount on issuance costs Accrued interest on bonds Compensated absences (31,142) (379,523)							the funds	1 334 613
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds Bonds and loan payable Bends and loan payable Separate (349,281) Deferred amount on issuance costs Accrued interest on bonds Compensated absences (349,281) (2,566) (379,523)						•		, ,
not reported in the funds Bonds and loan payable \$ (349,281) Deferred amount on issuance costs Accrued interest on bonds Compensated absences (2,566) Compensated absences (31,142) (379,523)	<u> </u>		•	•				5,710
Deferred amount on issuance costs Accrued interest on bonds Compensated absences 3,466 (2,566) (31,142) (379,523)	-	ids payable, are	not due and p	ayable in the	current period	and, therefor	e, are	
Deferred amount on issuance costs Accrued interest on bonds Compensated absences 3,466 (2,566) (31,142) (379,523)	Bonds and loan pavable				\$ (34	19.281)		
Accrued interest on bonds (2,566) Compensated absences (31,142) (379,523)		ts			Ψ (3			
Compensated absences (31,142) (379,523								
**	Compensated absences							(379,523)
AT DECOTE OF COVERNMENTAL DELIVITIES	et assets of governmental activities							\$ 2,206,477

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

Year Ended February 28, 2007

	<u>General</u>	Major Street	Local Street	Municipal Street	Public Ordinance #114	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total
Revenues							
Taxes	\$ 217,487	\$	\$	\$ 124,087	\$	\$ 19,696	\$ 361,270
Licenses & permits	317						317
Intergovernmental revenues:							
Federal	7,468	320,552					328,020
State	300,338	202,281	99,211				601,830
Charges for services	47,878						47,878
Fines & forfeits	3,901						3,901
Interest & rents	222,980	4,185	1,952	18,936	12,814	8,902	269,769
Other revenues	123,645					2,546	<u>126,191</u>
Total Revenues	924,014	527,018	101,163	143,023	12,814	31,144	1,739,176
Expenditures							
Current							
General government	70,035	9,920	6,870	1,305	990	1,280	90,400
Public safety	237,530					2,615	240,145
Highways & streets		163,072	152,412				315,484
Public works	202,514						202,514
Parks & recreation	11,420						11,420
Other	374,346						374,346
Debt service							
Principal						28,895	28,895
Interest	713					16,940	17,653
Capital outlay		422,683				5,501	428,184
Total Expenditures	896,558	595,675	159,282	1,305	990	55,231	1,709,041
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over							
(Under) Expenditures	27,456	(68,657)	(58,119)	141,718	11,824	(24,087)	30,135
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Transfers in		150,000	56,000	104,065		51,822	361,887
Transfers out	(19,821)	(42,058)	,	(170,000)	(104,065)	(17,649)	(370,835)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(19,821)	107,942	38,758	(65,935)	(104,065)	34,173	(8,948)
Net Change in Fund Balances	7,635	39,285	(19,361)	75,783	(92,241)	10,086	21,187
Fund Balances – Beginning	289,730	38,825	79,572	299,635	333,179	183,549	
Fund Balances – Ending	<u>\$ 297,365</u>	<u>\$ 78,110</u>	\$ 60,211	<u>\$ 375,418</u>	<u>\$ 240,938</u>	<u>\$ 193,635</u>	

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the costs of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period.

359,058

The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net assets. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.

28,895

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances (Continued) Governmental Funds

Year Ended February 28, 2007

	General	Major Street	Local Street	Municipal Street	Public Ordinance #114	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total
Some expenses reported in the statem resources and, therefore, are not reported in the statem.					ial		
Compensated absences				(4,992)			
Accrued interest				219			
Amortization of issuance costs				(267)			(5,040)
Revenues reported in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the governmental funds.							(32,324)
Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities							<u>\$ 371,776</u>

Statement of Net Assets Proprietary Funds

February 28, 2007

	Business-	type Activities	- Enterprise F	unds
	Multi-Recreation		Water	Total
Assets				
Current Assets:				
Cash	\$ 60,804	\$ 156,163	\$ 63,705	\$ 280,672
Receivables, net:				
Current tax levy		173		173
Delinquent taxes		692		692
Accounts	5,497	15,371	5,757	26,625
Due from other funds		58	1,023	1,081
Inventories	1,094	2,474		3,568
Total Current Assets	67,395	174,931	70,485	312,811
Noncurrent Assets:				
Capital assets not being depreciated Capital assets, net of accumulated	5,500			5,500
depreciation	139,097	60,800	260,478	460,375
Total Noncurrent Assets	144,597	60,800	260,478	465,875
Total Assets	211,992	235,731	330,963	778,686
Liabilities				
Current Liabilities:				
Accounts payable	9,859	4,042	1,023	14,924
Accrued liabilities	1,813	1,576		3,389
Due to other funds Deferred revenues:	206	1,937		2,143
Taxes		865		865
Other		8,040		8,040
Total Current Liabilities	11,878	16,460	1,023	29,361
Net Assets				
Invested in capital assets, net of related deb	t 144,597	60,800	260,478	465,875
Unrestricted	55,517	158,471	69,462	283,450
Total Net Assets	\$ 200,114	\$ 219,271	\$ 329,940	<u>\$ 749,325</u>

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Assets Proprietary Funds

Year Ended February 28, 2007

	Rusiness	s-tyne Activities	- Enterprise Fu	nds
	Multi-Recreation	Sanitation	Water	Total
Operating Revenues				
Property taxes	\$	\$ 49,196	\$	\$ 49,196
Charges for services	35,475	99,075	50,525	185,075
Other operating revenue	<u>7,033</u>	300		7,333
Total Operating Revenues	42,508	148,571	50,525	241,604
Operating Expenses				
Cost of sales	5,101		12,276	17,377
Wages & fringe benefits	9,855	42,525		52,380
Administration		7,439	1,095	8,534
Sanitation disposal	180	62,076		62,256
Utilities	18,607			18,607
Supplies & maintenance	5,860	25,822		31,682
Miscellaneous	389	3,026		3,415
Depreciation	<u>11,790</u>	15,369	6,002	33,161
Total Operating Expenses	51,782	156,257	19,373	227,412
Operating Income (Loss)	(9,274)	(7,686)	31,152	14,192
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)				
Special activities (net):				
Daniell Park activities	577			577
George Gipp Rec. Area activities	(4,698)			(4,698)
Sports activities	(1,101)			(1,101)
Total special activities	(5,222)			(5,222)
Contributions	2,683			2,683
Interest income	2,171	7,455	1,986	11,612
Other expense	(483)			(483)
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	(851)	7,455	1,986	8,590
Income (Loss) Before Transfers	(10,125)	(231)	33,138	22,782
Transfers in	8,948			8,948
Change in Net Assets	(1,177)	(231)	33,138	31,730
Total Net Assets – Beginning	201,291	219,502	296,802	717,595
Total Net Assets – Ending	<u>\$ 200,114</u>	\$ 219,271	\$ 329,940	<u>\$ 749,325</u>

Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds

Year Ended February 28, 2007

	Busine	ss-type Activities	- Enterprise Fund	ls
	Multi-Recreation	<u>Sanitation</u>	Water	Total
Cash Flows from Operating Activities Receipts from customers and users Payments to suppliers Payments to employees	\$ 43,331 (27,102) (9,269)	\$ 149,465 (97,284) (41,674)	\$ 49,591 (13,371)	\$ 242,387 (137,757) (50,943)
Net cash provided by operating activities	6,960	10,507	36,220	53,687
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities Special activities Contribution	(5,222) 2,683			(5,222) 2,683
Other expense Transfers from other funds	(483) 8,948			(483) 8,948
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities	5,926			5,926
Cash Flows from Investing Activities Interest received	2,171	7,455	1,986	11,612
Net increase in cash	15,057	17,962	38,206	71,225
Cash – Beginning	45,747	138,201	25,499	209,447
Cash – Ending	<u>\$ 60,804</u>	<u>\$ 156,163</u>	\$ 63,705	\$ 280,672
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities:				
Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities:	\$ (9,274)	\$ (7,686)	\$ 31,152	\$ 14,192
Depreciation (Increase) decrease in receivables (Increase) decrease in due from other funds (Increase) decrease in inventories Increase (decrease) in accounts payable Increase (decrease) in accrued liabilities Increase (decrease) in due to other funds Increase (decrease) in deferred revenue	13,451 823 (2) 1,376 560 26	15,369 5,906 2,798 376 (2,095) 316 535 (5,012)	6,002 (934)	34,822 5,795 2,798 374 (719) 876 561 (5,012)
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 6,960	<u>\$ 10,507</u>	\$ 36,220	\$ 53,687

Notes to Financial Statements

February 28, 2007

I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. Reporting Entity

The Village of Laurium, Michigan was incorporated in 1895. The Village is governed by an elected seven member council consisting of a president and six trustees. The Village provides services to its residents in many areas including law enforcement, fire protection, street maintenance, sanitation, recreation and community enrichment.

GASB Statement No. 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity*, as amended, contains the standards for defining the governmental financial reporting entity and for identifying which legally separate entities are component units that should be included with another government (usually a primary government) in a financial reporting entity's financial statements. Requirements for including component units are based primarily on the concept of financial accountability. A primary government is financially accountable if it appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing body and (a) it is able to impose its will on that organization or (b) there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on, the primary government. The Village has no component units.

Jointly Governed Organization – The Village, in conjunction with three other governmental entities, created the North Houghton County Water & Sewage Authority (the "Authority") to provide wastewater collection, transmission and treatment. The Authority's board is comprised of seven members, two of which are from the Village. The Authority's board has control over its own budgeting and financing obligations. All of the financial operations of the Authority are recorded in the records of the Authority. It is expected that the revenues generated from the Authority system users will be adequate to operate the sewage system and pay back the related construction debt and interest of the Authority. Separately issued financial statements are available from the Authority.

See Note IV B for information pertaining to related organizations.

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e. the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the Village. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to

Notes to Financial Statements

February 28, 2007

customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds. The Village has no fiduciary funds. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available if they are collected within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, state-shared revenue and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

The Village reports the following major governmental funds:

The *General Fund* is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The *Major Street Fund* accounts for the resources of state gas and weight tax revenues that are restricted for use on major streets.

Notes to Financial Statements

February 28, 2007

The *Local Street Fund* accounts for the resources of state gas and weight tax revenues that are restricted for use on local streets.

The *Municipal Street Fund* accounts for property taxes levied on Village residents that are restricted for use on major or local streets.

The *Public Ordinance #114 Fund* accounts for assets that are restricted by the Village. The assets in this fund can be used for sewer system emergencies or loaned to other funds for equipment purchases. This fund accounts for the activity of the former Sewer Fund.

The Village reports the following major proprietary funds:

The *Multi-Recreation Fund* accounts for the recreational activities of the Village. The main activities in this fund are the George Gipp Ice Arena and Complex and the Daniell Park concerts.

The Sanitation Fund accounts for the activities of the Village's garbage removal operations.

The Water Fund accounts for the activity of the leasing of the Village's water mains.

Additionally, the Village reports the following nonmajor governmental funds: Public Improvement, Fire Truck, Volunteer Firemen, Debt Service 2000 and Debt Service Fire/Police.

Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989, generally are followed in both the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. Governments also have the option of following subsequent private-sector guidance for their business-type activities and enterprise funds, subject to this same limitation. The government has elected to follow subsequent private-sector guidance.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are charges between the Village's sanitation function and various other functions of the government. Eliminations of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services in connection with a

Notes to Financial Statements

February 28, 2007

proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Village's enterprise funds relate to charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Village's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

D. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets or Equity

1. Deposits

The Village's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. The Village did not have any short-term investments at February 28, 2007.

2. Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the non-current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

All trade and property tax receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles. Property taxes are levied on each July 1st on the taxable valuation of property as of the preceding December 31st. Taxes are considered delinquent on September 15th, at which time penalties and interest are assessed.

It is the Village's policy to recognize revenue from the current tax levy in the current year when the proceeds of this levy are budgeted and made "available" for the financing of operations. "Available" means collected within the current period or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period (60 days).

Notes to Financial Statements

February 28, 2007

The 2006 taxable valuation of the Village totaled \$17,785,718, on which ad valorem taxes levied consisted of 10.4099 mills for operating purposes, 2.4982 mills for garbage removal, 4.1639 mills for street maintenance, .9818 mills for snow removal and 1.0000 mill for the purchase of fire apparatus. This resulted in \$185,142 for operating, \$44,426 for garbage removal, \$74,052 for street maintenance, \$17,456 for snow removal and \$17,781 for fire apparatus. These amounts are recognized in the respective General, Proprietary and Special Revenue Fund financial statements as taxes receivable – current or as tax revenue.

3. Inventories and Prepaid Items

All inventories are valued at lower of cost or market, using the first-in/first-out method. Inventories of governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

4. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets, other than infrastructure assets, are defined by the government as assets with an initial individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. As the Village constructs or acquires additional capital assets, they are capitalized and reported at historical cost. The reported value excludes normal maintenance and repairs which are essentially amounts spent in relation to capital assets that do not increase the capacity or efficiency of the item or extend its useful life beyond the original estimate. In the case of donations the Village values these capital assets at the estimated fair value of the item at the date of its donation.

Prior to March 1, 2004, governmental funds' infrastructure assets were not capitalized. Infrastructure assets acquired since March 1, 2004 are recorded at cost.

Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed. The total interest expense incurred by the Village during the current fiscal year was \$17,653. During the current year, no interest expense was capitalized as part of the cost of assets under construction.

Notes to Financial Statements

February 28, 2007

Property, plant and equipment is depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings	40 to 60 years
Site Improvements	20 years
Water Lines	35 to 80 years
Infrastructure	15 to 30 years
Vehicles	5 to 25 years
Office Equipment	8 to 10 years
Computer Equipment	5 years
Office Furnishings	15 years

5. Compensated Absences

It is the Village's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused sick and vacation pay benefits. There is no liability for unpaid accumulated sick leave since the Village does not have a policy to pay any amounts when employees separate from service with the Village. All vacation pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. There is no limit on the number of days of vacation leave that an employee can accumulate. A liability for these amounts is reported in the governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

6. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net assets. Bond issuance costs are deferred and amortized over the life of the related debt. When applicable, bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond issuance costs during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

7. Fund Equity

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose. Designations of fund balance represent tentative management plans that are subject to change.

Notes to Financial Statements

February 28, 2007

8. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

II. Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability

A. Budgetary Information

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for all governmental funds. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year end.

The appropriated budget is prepared by fund, function and department. The legal level of budgetary control (i.e., the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations) is the department level. Encumbrance accounting is not employed in the governmental funds.

B. Excess of Expenditures over Appropriations

For the year ended February 28, 2007, expenditures exceeded appropriations in the Major and Local Street Funds by \$281,783 and \$174, respectively. The overexpenditures in the Major Street Fund were funded by grant funds received for a construction project which were not included in the budget. The overexpenditure in the Local Street Fund was funded by available fund balance.

III. Detailed Notes on All Funds

A. Deposits and Investments

Michigan Compiled Laws, Section 129.91, authorizes the local governmental unit to make deposits and invest in the accounts of federally insured banks, credit unions and savings and loan associations which have an office in Michigan. The local unit is allowed to invest in bonds, securities and other direct obligations of the United States or any agency or instrumentality of the United States; United States government or federal agency obligations; repurchase agreements; bankers' acceptance of United States banks; commercial paper rated within the two highest classifications which mature not more than 270 days after the date of purchase; obligations of the State of Michigan or its political subdivisions which are rated as investment grade; and mutual funds composed of investment vehicles which are legal for direct investment by local units of government in Michigan.

Notes to Financial Statements

February 28, 2007

The Village has designated five banks for the deposit of Village funds. The investment policy adopted by the board is in accordance with Public Act 196 of 1997. The Village's deposits and investment policy are in accordance with statutory authority.

At year-end, the Village's deposits were reported in the basic financial statements in the following categories (the Village has no investments):

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
Cash and cash equivalents	<u>\$ 1,073,921</u>	<u>\$ 280,672</u>	\$ 1,354,593
The breakdown between deposits is as follows:	ows:		
Bank deposits (checking and savings account Petty cash and cash on hand	unts)	\$ 1,353,227 	
Total		\$ 1,354,593	

Custodial credit risk – deposits. In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the government's deposits may not be returned to it.

The bank balance of the Village's deposits is \$1,370,350, of which \$200,000 is covered by federal depository insurance and \$1,170,350 is collateralized with a Federal Home Loan Bank bond held by the pledging financial institution.

B. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended February 28, 2007 was as follows:

	Beginning				Ending		
	Ba	alance	<u>Increases</u>	<u>Decreases</u>	_]	Balance	
Governmental Activities							
Capital assets not being depreciated:							
Land	\$	47,300	\$	\$	\$	47,300	
Construction in progress		33,561	422,683			456,244	
Total capital assets not being depreciated		80,861	422,683			503,544	
Capital assets being depreciated:							
Buildings & site improvements		193,000				193,000	
Machinery & equipment	1,	,112,692		2,914	1	,115,606	
Vehicles		109,760	5,501	(4,914)		110,347	

Notes to Financial Statements

February 28, 2007

	Beginning Balance	Increases	<u>Decreases</u>	Ending Balance
Total capital assets being depreciated	1,415,452	5,501	(2,000)	1,418,953
Accumulated depreciation: Building & site improvements Machinery & equipment Vehicles	(70,600) (425,709) (24,449)	(3,060) (45,223) (20,843)	2,000	(73,660) (468,932) (45,292)
Total accumulated depreciation	(520,758)	(69,126)	2,000	(587,884)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	894,694	(63,625)		831,069
Governmental activities capital assets, net	<u>\$ 975,555</u>	\$ 359,058	\$	\$1,334,613
Business-type Activities Capital assets not being depreciated: Land	\$ 5,500	\$	\$	\$ 5,500
Capital assets being depreciated: Buildings & site improvements Water system Machinery & equipment	403,992 401,442 207,849			403,992 401,442 207,849
Total capital assets being depreciated	1,013,283			1,013,283
Accumulated depreciation: Building & site improvements Water system Machinery & equipment	(264,369) (134,962) (118,755)	(11,791) (6,002) (17,029)		(276,160) (140,964) (135,784)
Total accumulated depreciation	(518,086)	(34,822)		(552,908)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	495,197	(34,822)		460,375
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$ 500,697	\$ (34,822)	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 465,875</u>

Notes to Financial Statements

February 28, 2007

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs as follows:

Governmental Activities: General government Public safety Public works	\$	3,288 37,522 28,316
Total depreciation expense-governmental activities	<u>\$</u>	69,126
Business-type Activities: Multi-Recreation Sanitation Water	\$	13,451 15,369 6,002
Total depreciation expense-business-type activities	<u>\$</u>	34,822

Construction Commitment

The Village has an active construction project as of February 28, 2007. The project includes street reconstruction and new storm sewers. At year end the Village's commitments with contractors are as follows:

<u>Project</u>	Spent-to-Date	Remaining Commitment
Street reconstruction and storm sewers	<u>\$ 456,244</u>	<u>\$ 70,643</u>

The commitment for the street reconstruction and storm sewers is being financed by approximately 82% grant funds from the Michigan Department of Transportation with the balance coming from Village funds.

C. Interfund Receivables, Payables, and Transfers

The composition of interfund balances as of February 28, 2007 is as follows:

Due To/From Other Funds:

Payable Fund	Amount
Major Street	\$ 4,003
Local Street	1,245
Multi-Recreation	206
Sanitation	1,937
	Major Street Local Street Multi-Recreation

Notes to Financial Statements

February 28, 2007

Local Street	Major Street	147
Municipal Street	General	821
	Major Street	6,009
	Local Street	3,656
Fire Truck	General	24
Sanitation	General	58
Water	General	1,023
Total		<u>\$ 19,129</u>

The outstanding balances between funds result mainly from the time lag between the dates that 1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, 2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and 3) payments between funds are made.

Advances From/To Other Funds
Public Ordinance #114

General

\$ 14,846

The outstanding advance between funds is the result of a loan from Public Ordinance #114 Fund to the General Fund for the purchase of a police vehicle.

Interfund Transfers

			Transfer	s In					
	Major	Local	Municipal	Nonma	jor	Mul	ti-Recreation		
	Street	Street	Street	Governm	ental	<u>F</u>	<u>Enterprise</u>		Total
Transfers Out:									
Governmental Funds									
General	\$	\$	\$	\$ 11,32	21	\$	8,500	\$	19,821
Major Street		36,000		6,05	8				42,058
Local Street				17,24	12				17,242
Municipal Street	150,000	20,000							170,000
Public Ordinance #114			104,065						104,065
Nonmajor Governmental Funds				17,20	<u>)1</u>		448	_	17,649
Total	\$ 150,000	\$ 56,000	\$ 104,065	\$ 51,82	<u> 22</u>	\$	8,948	<u>\$.</u>	<u>370,835</u>

Transfers are used to 1) move revenues from the fund with collection authorization to the debt service fund as debt service principal & interest payments become due, and 2) move unrestricted revenues to finance various programs that the government must account for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations, including amounts provided as matching funds for various grant programs.

Notes to Financial Statements

February 28, 2007

D. Long-Term Debt

The Village issues general obligation bonds to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of infrastructure or major equipment purchases.

General obligation bonds and loans are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the Village. Contractual agreements and installment purchase agreements are also general obligations of the Village.

Bond and contractual activity can be summarized as follows:

	Interest Rate	Principal <u>Matures</u>	Beginning Balance	Additions	(Reductions)	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities							
General Obligations Bonds							
\$242,000 2001 Michigan							
Transportation Fund Bonds	4.75%	4-1-2016	\$ 194,000	\$	\$ (14,000)	\$ 180,000	\$ 14,000
Loan – Fire/Police vehicles	4.38%	12-1-2019	184,176		(14,895)	169,281	10,500
Subtotal bond & loan obligations			378,176		(28,895)	349,281	24,500
Other Long-term Obligations							
Compensated absences			26,150	4,992		31,142	
Total Governmental Activities			<u>\$ 404,326</u>	<u>\$ 4,992</u>	<u>\$ (28,895</u>)	\$ 380,423	<u>\$ 24,500</u>

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the above obligations are as follows:

	Government	al Activities
Year End February 28,	<u>Principal</u>	Interest
2008	\$ 24,500	\$ 15,632
2009	26,000	14,483
2010	27,500	13,265
2011	29,000	11,978
2012	30,500	10,621
2013-2017	172,500	30,720
2018-2020	39,281	3,016
Total	<u>\$ 349,281</u>	<u>\$ 99,715</u>

During the current fiscal year the Village paid \$17,653 in interest expense. The entire amount was expensed.

Notes to Financial Statements

February 28, 2007

E. Leases

The water line lease and operating agreement between the Village of Laurium, Michigan and Michigan-American Water Company is dated October 1, 1983. Annual rental is based on 12 ½% of the net revenue generated by Michigan-American Water Company from Village residents. This rental income is recorded in the Water Fund and amounts to \$38,249 for the year ended February 28, 2007.

IV. Other Information

A. Risk Management

The Village is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; natural disasters; and employee injuries (workers' compensation), as well as medical benefits provided to employees. All risk of loss is covered by commercial insurance. Settled claims relating to the commercial insurance have not exceeded the amount of insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

B. Related Organizations

The Laurium Housing Commission is a related organization which is excluded from the financial reporting entity because the Village's accountability does not extend beyond making appointments. The Laurium Housing Commission provides low-rent housing for qualified individuals in accordance with the rules and regulations prescribed by the Department of Housing and Urban Development. The Village has no influence over the management, budget or policies of the Commission. The Commission reports independently and a copy of its audited financial statement is available from them.

The Village has established, as a legal separate organization, the Village of Laurium Hospital Finance Authority (the "Authority") to allow the Keweenaw Memorial Medical Center to obtain financing at a lower rate than it could without going through the Authority. The Authority is governed by a three person board who are appointed by the Village. The Village's accountability does not extend beyond this representation and making these appointments. The board adopts rules, policies and procedures deemed necessary for the conduct of its business.

C. Employee Retirement and Benefit Systems

Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Michigan Municipal Employees' Retirement System)

Plan Description – The Village participates in the Michigan Municipal Employees' Retirement System (MERS), an agent multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. All permanent employees of the Village are eligible to participate in the plan upon working at least 10 full work

Notes to Financial Statements

February 28, 2007

days in a given month. As of December 31, 2006, the most recent report available, the Village had 12 active covered employees, 2 vested former members and 12 retirees and beneficiaries. The annual covered payroll at that date totaled \$369,110 and the Village's total payroll for all employees was \$445,557. The system provides retirement, disability and death benefits to plan members and their beneficiaries. MERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the system. That report may be obtained by writing to the System at 447 North Canal Street, Lansing, Michigan 48917-9755.

Funding Policy – The obligation to contribute to and maintain the system for these employees was established by negotiation with the Village's competitive bargaining units and requires no contribution from the employees and 17.97% and 16.74% of gross wages for general, and police/fire employees, respectively.

Annual Pension Costs – For the year ended February 28, 2007 the Village's annual pension cost of \$67,175 for the plan was equal to the required and actual contribution. The annual required contribution was determined as part of an actuarial valuation at December 31, 2005, using the entry age normal actuarial method. Significant actuarial assumptions used include: (i) an 8% investment rate of return; (ii) projected salary increases of 4.5% plus a percentage based on an age-related scale to reflect merit, longevity and promotional pay increases per year; and (iii) 3 to 4% per year cost of living adjustments. Both determined using techniques that smooth the effect of short-term volatility over a ten-year period. The unfunded actuarial liability is being amortized as a level percent of payroll on a closed basis. The remaining amortization period is 29 years.

Three year trend information as of December 31 follows:

	2004	2005	2006
Annual Pension Cost	\$ 55,274	\$ 56,088	\$ 67,175
Percentage of APC Contributed	100%	100%	100%
Net Pension Obligation	0	0	0
Actuarial Value of Assets	869,290	889,347	943,582
Actual Accrued Liability	1,485,839	1,570,335	1,529,477
Unfunded AAL	616,549	680,988	585,895
Funded Ratio	59%	57%	62%
Covered Payroll	312,457	362,827	369,110
UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	110%	188%	159%

D. Deferred Compensation Plan

The Village offers all employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with the Internal Revenue Code, Section 457. The assets of the plans are held in trust, as described in IRC Section 457(g) for the exclusive benefit of the participants (employees) and their

Notes to Financial Statements

February 28, 2007

beneficiaries. The custodian thereof of the exclusive benefit of the participants holds the custodial account for the beneficiaries of this Section 457 plan, and the assets may not be diverted to any other use. The administrators are agents of the employer for purposes of providing direction to the custodian of the custodial account from time to time for the investment of the funds held in the account, transfer of assets to or from the account and all other matters. In accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement 32, plan balances and activities are not reflected in the Village's financial statements.

E. Commitment and Contingencies

The Village receives Federal and State Grants for specific purposes that are subject to review and audit by Federal and State agencies. Such audits could result in a request for reimbursement by the Federal and State agencies for expenditures disallowed under the terms and conditions of the appropriate agency. In the opinion of the Village management, such disallowance, if any, will not be significant to the Village's financial statements.



Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund Year Ended February 28, 2007

	Budgeted	Budgeted Amounts		
	Original	Final	Actual	
Beginning Budgetary Fund Balance	\$ 289,730	\$ 289,730	\$ 289,730	
Resources (Inflows):				
Taxes	187,200	212,600	217,487	
Licenses & permits	,	150	317	
Intergovernmental revenue				
Federal	900	7,467	7,468	
State	308,200	303,000	300,338	
Charges for services	44,600	44,800	47,878	
Fines & forfeitures	4,245	3,725	3,901	
Interest & rents	250,461	211,900	222,980	
Other revenue	103,900	121,183	123,645	
Amounts Available for Appropriation	1,189,236	1,194,555	1,213,744	
Charges to Appropriations (Outflows):				
General government	86,495	82,745	70,035	
Public safety	231,648	243,095	237,530	
Public works	184,750	214,700	202,514	
Parks & recreation		11,550	11,420	
Other	367,620	384,500	374,346	
Debt service - interest		750	713	
Transfers out	<u>19,553</u>	19,822	<u>19,821</u>	
Total Charges to Appropriations	890,066	957,162	916,379	
Ending Budgetary Fund Balance	<u>\$ 299,170</u>	<u>\$ 237,393</u>	\$ 297,365	

Budgetary Comparison Schedule Major Street Fund Year Ended February 28, 2007

		Budgeted Original	Amounts Final		 Actual
Beginning Budgetary Fund Balance Resources (Inflows):	\$	38,825	\$	38,825	\$ 38,825
Intergovernmental revenues:					
Federal		375,000			320,552
State		186,000		192,200	202,281
Interest		5,100		4,100	4,185
Transfers in		183,500		150,000	 150,000
Amounts Available for Appropriation		788,425		385,125	 715,843
Charges to Appropriations (Outflows):					
General government		10,200		10,300	9,920
Highways & streets		214,350		177,550	163,072
Capital outlay		481,700		126,000	422,683
Transfers out		43,100		42,100	 42,058
Total Charges to Appropriations	_	749,350		355,950	 637,733
Ending Budgetary Fund Balance	\$	39,075	\$	29,175	\$ 78,110

Budgetary Comparison Schedule Local Street Fund Year Ended February 28, 2007

	Budgeted Original	Actual	
Beginning Budgetary Fund Balance Resources (Inflows):	\$ 79,572	\$ 79,572	\$ 79,572
Intergovernmental revenue – State	98,400	99,700	99,211
Interest	1,500	1,900	1,952
Transfers in	97,000	66,000	56,000
Amounts Available for Appropriation	276,472	247,172	236,735
Charges to Appropriations (Outflows):			
General government	7,000	7,000	6,870
Highways & streets	182,300	152,050	152,412
Transfers out	17,200	17,300	17,242
Total Charges to Appropriations	206,500	176,350	176,524
Ending Budgetary Bund Balance	\$ 69,972	\$ 70,822	\$ 60,211

Budgetary Comparison Schedule Municipal Street Fund Year Ended February 28, 2007

	Budgeted Original	Actual	
Beginning Budgetary Fund Balance Resources (Inflows):	\$ 299,635	\$ 299,635	\$ 299,635
Taxes	111,500	120,900	124,087
Interest	10,000	19,000	18,936
Transfers in		104,065	104,065
Amounts Available for Appropriation	421,135	543,600	546,723
Charges to Appropriations (Outflows):			
General government	1,350	1,350	1,305
Transfers out	243,500	180,000	<u>170,000</u>
Total Charges to Appropriations	244,850	181,350	<u>171,305</u>
Ending Budgetary Fund Balance	<u>\$ 176,285</u>	\$ 362,250	\$ 375,418

Budgetary Comparison Schedule Public Ordinance #114 Fund Year Ended February 28, 2007

	Budgeted			
	<u>Original</u>	<u>Final</u>	Actual	
Beginning Budgetary Fund Balance Resources (Inflows):	\$ 333,179	\$ 333,179	\$ 333,179	
Interest	12,600	12,700	12,814	
Amounts Available for Appropriation	345,779	345,879	345,993	
Charges to Appropriations (Outflows): General government Transfers out	1,050	1,050 104,065	990 104,065	
Total Charges to Appropriations	1,050	105,115	105,055	
Ending Budgetary Fund Balance	\$ 344,729	<u>\$ 240,764</u>	<u>\$ 240,938</u>	



Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds February 28, 2007

	Public Improvement	Special Re Fire Truck	venue Funds Volunteer <u>Firemen</u>	Total	De	ot Service Fun <u>Fire/Police</u>	ds <u>Total</u>	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Assets Cash Receivables, net: Current tax levy Delinquent taxes Due from other funds	\$ 130,192	\$ 55,338 69 263 24	\$ 7,427	\$ 192,957 69 263 24	\$ 595	\$ 59	\$ 654	\$ 193,611 69 263 24
Total Assets	<u>\$ 130,192</u>	\$ 55,694	<u>\$ 7,427</u>	<u>\$ 193,313</u>	<u>\$ 595</u>	<u>\$ 59</u>	<u>\$ 654</u>	<u>\$ 193,967</u>
Liabilities and Fund Balances Liabilities Accounts payable Deferred revenue – taxes Total Liabilities	\$	\$ 332 332	\$	\$ 332 332	\$	\$	\$	\$ 332 332
Fund Balances Reserved for debt service Unreserved, undesignated	130,192	55,362	7,427	192,981	595	59	654	654 192,981
Total Fund Balances	130,192	55,362	7,427	192,981	595	59	654	<u>193,635</u>
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	<u>\$ 130,192</u>	<u>\$ 55,694</u>	<u>\$ 7,427</u>	<u>\$ 193,313</u>	<u>\$ 595</u>	<u>\$ 59</u>	<u>\$ 654</u>	<u>\$ 193,967</u>

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds Year Ended February 28, 2007

	Special Revenue Funds Public Fire Volunteer			Del	Total Nonmajor Governmental			
	Improvement	Truck	Firemen	Total	Debt 2000	Fire/Police	Total	Funds
Revenues	-							
Taxes	\$	\$ 19,696	\$	\$ 19,696	\$	\$	\$	\$ 19,696
Interest	6,245	2,519	26	8,790	72	40	112	8,902
Other revenues			2,546	2,546				2,546
Total Revenues	6,245	22,215	2,572	31,032	72	40	<u>112</u>	31,144
Expenditures								
Current								
General government	930			930	350		350	1,280
Public safety			2,615	2,615				2,615
Debt service								
Principal					14,000	14,895	28,895	28,895
Interest					8,882	8,058	16,940	16,940
Capital outlay		5,501		5,501				5,501
Total Expenditures	930	5,501	2,615	9,046	23,232	22,953	46,185	55,231
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
Over (Under) Expenditures	5,315	16,714	(43)	21,986	(23,160)	(22,913)	(46,073)	(24,087)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfers in		5,524	45	5,569	23,300	22,953	46,253	51,822
Transfers out		(17,201)	(448)	(17,649)				(17,649)
Total Other Financing Sources								
(Uses)		(11,677)	(403)	(12,080)	23,300	22,953	46,253	34,173
Net Change in Fund Balances	5,315	5,037	(446)	9,906	140	40	180	10,086
Fund Balances – Beginning	124,877	50,325	7,873	183,075	455	19	474	183,549
Fund Balances – Ending	<u>\$ 130,192</u>	\$ 55,362	<u>\$ 7,427</u>	\$ 192,981	<u>\$ 595</u>	<u>\$ 59</u>	<u>\$ 654</u>	<u>\$ 193,635</u>



Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

Village Council Laurium, Michigan

I have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Village of Laurium, Michigan, as of and for the year ended February 28, 2007 which collectively comprise the Village of Laurium, Michigan's basic financial statements, and have issued my report thereon dated August 3, 2007. The report on the basic financial statements was qualified because the procedures used to collect cash receipts from sales and admissions at fund raising events, and the lack of evidential matter with respect to those cash receipts, did not permit me to apply auditing procedures to satisfy myself as to the reasonableness of such cash receipts stated in the accompanying financial statements. Except as discussed in the preceding sentence, I conducted my audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing my audit, I considered the Village of Laurium, Michigan's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine my auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing my opinions on the financial statements but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village of Laurium, Michigan's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, I do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village of Laurium, Michigan's internal control over financial reporting.

My consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. However, as discussed below, I identified certain deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that I consider to be significant deficiencies.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the Village of Laurium, Michigan's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the Village of Laurium, Michigan's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the Village of Laurium, Michigan's internal control. I consider the deficiencies described in the accompanying schedule of findings and

responses as items 07-01 and 07-02 to be significant deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the Village of Laurium, Michigan's internal control.

My consideration of the internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in the internal control that might be significant deficiencies and, accordingly, would not necessarily disclose all significant deficiencies that are also considered to be material weaknesses. However, of the significant deficiencies described above, I consider item 07-01 to be a material weakness.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Village of Laurium, Michigan's financial statements are free of material misstatement, I performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of my audit, and accordingly, I do not express such an opinion. The results of my tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

I noted certain matters that I reported to the management of the Village of Laurium, Michigan in a separate letter dated August 3, 2007.

The Village of Laurium, Michigan's response to the findings identified in my audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses. I did not audit the Village of Laurium, Michigan's response and, accordingly, I express no opinion on it.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the village council, management, federal and state awarding agencies, and, if applicable, pass-through entities, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Jackie A. Aalto Jackie A. Aalto. CPA

Calumet, Michigan August 3, 2007

Schedule of Findings and Responses

Year Ended February 28, 2007

FINDINGS - FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT

SIGNIFICANT DEFICIENCIES

07-01 Ability to Prepare Financial Statements

Finding: Management is unable to produce financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Response: Due principally to the small size of the Village and the limited funds available to the Village, the hiring of accounting personnel capable of writing the Village's financial statements and footnotes in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America is cost prohibitive.

07-02 Lack of Segregation of Duties

Finding: Lack of segregation of duties exists in the accounting function due to the limited number of accounting personnel.

Response: As noted above, due to the small size of the Village and the limited funds of the Village, management is unable to employ the number of accounting personnel to attain an adequate separation of duties between management functions, accounting functions and custody of the Village's assets. To the extent possible, duties are allocated between accounting personnel to mitigate risk of material misappropriation of assets. In addition, the Village Council assumes a higher level of oversight responsibilities to mitigate risks related to this lack of segregation of duties.

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Village Council Village of Laurium, Michigan

In planning and performing my audit of the Village of Laurium, Michigan as of and for the year ended February 28, 2007, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, I considered the Village of Laurium, Michigan's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing my auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing my opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control. Accordingly, I do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control.

My consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. However, I identified certain deficiencies in internal control that I consider to be significant deficiencies and one deficiency that I consider to be a material weakness. Please refer to the Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Governmental Auditing Standards for reference to the significant deficiencies and material weakness identified. Certain other matters related to operational or administrative efficiencies and improvements to internal controls are following.

- 1. P.A. 621 of 1978, Section 18(1), as amended, provides that a local unit shall not incur expenditures in excess of the amounts appropriated. During the current fiscal year the Village incurred expenditures which were in excess of the amounts appropriated by \$281,783 and \$174 in the Major and Local Street Funds, respectively. The overexpenditure in the Major Street Fund was the result of the construction activity on Isle Royale Street. It is recommended that the Village monitor expenditures against adopted budgets and make appropriate budget amendments.
- 2. Currently, the Village does not annually authorize check signers. A current listing of authorized check signers, which is approved annually by the Village Council, should be maintained to ensure proper authorization of all disbursements. I recommend the listing be periodically reviewed and updated each time a change in check signers occurs and that the bank be promptly and formally notified of any change.
- 3. During 2006, the federal courts deemed the federal excise tax on phone bills to be unconstitutional. They passed a ruling that all entities that paid the excise tax would be eligible for a refund of taxes paid between 2003 and 2006. The Village Council should assess the amounts of tax paid to determine if filing for a refund is warranted.

This communication is intended solely for the information and use of the council membership, management, federal and state awarding agencies, and if applicable, pass-through entities, and others within the organization, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

I would like to thank the Village personnel for their courtesy and assistance during the audit. I appreciate the opportunity to serve as your auditor. If there are any questions about your financial report or the above comments and recommendations, I would be happy to discuss them at your convenience.

Jackie A. Aalto, CPA

Calumet, Michigan August 3, 2007